



W-THANE LXP 54

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Two-component aromatic polyurethane primer. Excellent protection, drying, and adhesion on carbon steel and fiber (RTM).

RECOMMENDED USE

Excellent primer for painting payphones, vehicle bodies, and bus bodies on fiberglass and carbon steel parts, providing good filling. Can be applied over polyester putty and nitrocellulose.

CERTIFICATIONS AND APPROVALS

When supplied to comply with the ROHS Directive (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances), this product includes the letter R in its nomenclature description.

PACKAGING

Component A	0.95 US gal Package containing 0.76 US gal 5.28 US gal Package containing 4.23 US gal
Component B	0.24 US gal Package containing 0.19 US gal 1.32 US gal Package containing 1.06 US gal

CHARACTERISTICS

Color	Gray.
Gloss	Ultra-Matte
VOC content	5.61 lb/gal
Volume Solids	40 ± 5% (ISO 3233)
Dry Film Thickness	3.1 mils - 3.9 mils
Dry Heat Resistance	Maximum temperature 194 °F. The product maintains its chemical properties up to a temperature of 194 °F, but from 140°F, color and gloss variations in the paint may occur.
Theoretical Coverage	180.9 ft ² /gal without dilution at a dry film thickness of 3.5 mils. Loss factors during application are not considered.

DRYING

77 °F

Touch Dry:	1 h
Handle Dry:	2 h
Full Cure:	7 days
Minimum recoat drying time:	1 h
Maximum recoat drying time:	24 h

SURFACE PREPARATION

Standard Surface Preparation

The performance of this product is related to the degree of surface preparation. In case of doubts, for more information, consult WEG's Technical Department.

The surface must be clean, dry, and free of contaminants. Completely remove oils, greases, and fats according to SSPC-SP1.

Remove accumulated dirt using a dry brush, clean dry cloth, compressed air blow, vacuum, or a combination of these. Remove soluble salts by washing with plenty of fresh water, preferably under low pressure (up to 5,000 psi), according to SSPC-SP12/NACE No. 5 standard.

Abrasive Blasting

Perform abrasive blasting to near-white metal, Sa 2½ grade, according to ISO 8501-1 visual standard (A Sa 2½, B Sa 2½, C Sa 2½, D Sa 2½), or according to SSPC-SP10/NACE No. 2, visual standard SSPC-VIS 1 (A SP10, B SP10, C SP10, D SP10, G1 SP10, G2 SP10, G3 SP10).



A roughness profile equivalent to S to ¼ of the total system thickness (primer + topcoat) is recommended.

Inspect the freshly blasted surface, observing defects that may appear after treatment. Correct them by grinding, filling with welds and/or epoxy putty.

For areas near marine environments, wash with fresh water at low pressure (minimum 3,000 psi) before abrasive blasting. In some cases, repeat washing after blasting to remove soluble contaminants and perform a new abrasive blasting.

If oxidation occurs between the end of abrasive blasting and coating application, the surface must be blasted again until the specified visual standard is achieved.

Maintenance and Repair

NOTE: Respect the recoating interval for subsequent coat application. If exceeded, perform light manual/mechanical sanding to break the previous coat gloss, followed by dust and residue cleaning to ensure better adhesion between paint layers.

Carbon Steel Surfaces

Hard surface layers (e.g., layers resulting from flame cutting) must be removed by grinding before starting abrasive blasting.

All welds must be inspected and, if necessary, repaired before completing abrasive blasting. Porosities, cavities, weld splatter, etc., must be repaired with proper mechanical treatment or welding repair. In other areas, round edges and sharp corners (r e 0.0787 in, ISO 8501-3).

Fiber Surfaces

Remove all dirt and grease from the surface using clean cloths soaked in Cleaning Solvent according to SSPC SP1. Avoid using rags or colored cloths. Proceed with a "light sanding" using 180-grit sandpaper to promote roughness. Whenever possible, make cross-hatch scratches (horizontal and vertical). Clean the surface again with cloths soaked in solvent, changing them frequently.

APPLICATION PREPARATION

Mixing	Homogenize the content of each component using mechanical or pneumatic stirring (A and B). Ensure no sediment remains at the bottom of the container. Add component B to component A in the indicated mixing ratio under stirring until completely homogenized, respecting the mixing ratio.
Mixing Ratio	By volume: 4 A x 1 B.
Thinner	PU DILUENT 5003
Dilution	Depending on the application method, dilute to a maximum of 20%.
Notes	The amount of Diluent may vary depending on the type of equipment used and environmental conditions during application. Only add Diluent after complete mixing of the other components. Do not dilute with solvents not allowed by local legislation, and do not exceed the indicated dilution percentage. Excessive dilution may affect film formation, appearance, and make it difficult to achieve the specified thickness.
Pot Life	4 h The shelf life of the mixture is reduced as the ambient temperature increases. The pot-life test of the mixture is carried out according to ABNT NBR 15742; however, different volumes of paint prepared at once, combined with varying ambient and paint temperatures, will affect the mixture's shelf life, potentially resulting in outcomes different from those stated in this technical bulletin.
Induction Time	Wait 15 minutes before application.



In very hot locations, we recommend consulting WEG's Technical Department.

APPLICATION METHODS

Conventional Spray Gun

Spray gun: JGA 502/3 Devilbiss or equivalent
 Fluid nozzle: EX
 Air cap: 704
 Atomization pressure: 50 - 70 psi
 Tank pressure: 10 - 20 psi.

Brush

Recommended only for small area touch-ups or "stripe coat" (screws, nuts, weld beads, sharp corners, and touch-ups).

Cleaning of the equipments:

PU DILUENT 5003

Notes

The data presented serves as a guide and similar equipment may be used.
 Changes in pressures and nozzle sizes may be necessary to improve spraying characteristics. Purge the compressed air line to avoid paint contamination.
 Do not allow catalyzed product to remain in contact with application equipment, as at temperatures above the indicated "pot life", the paint will show variation in flow and will harden, making cleaning difficult.
 Before application, ensure that the equipment and respective components are clean and in optimal condition.
 After mixing two-component products, if there are application stops and the pot life has been exceeded (paint shows variation in flow), it can no longer be re-thinned for later application.
 In spray application, overlap each gun pass by 50%, finishing with a cross pass. This technique avoids uncovered or unprotected areas and ensures proper aesthetic finish.
 Reinforce all sharp corners, gaps, and weld beads with a brush to avoid premature failures in these areas.
 Clean all equipment immediately after use.
 It is considered good practice to periodically wash the spraying equipment during the day. The cleaning frequency depends on the amount sprayed, temperature, and elapsed time, including all delays.

APPLICATION PERFORMANCE

For coatings applied in coastal areas exposed to sea spray, it is recommended to wash with fresh water between coats to remove deposited impurities.

Do not apply the product after the pot life has been exceeded.

For optimal application properties, the paint temperature must be between 69.8°F - 80.6°F before mixing and application.

Before application, observe weather conditions: there must be no threat of rain or drizzle. Surface temperature must be at least 37,4°F above the dew point, and relative humidity should not exceed 85%. Adverse conditions may cause color variations and other characteristics. Consult WEG Technical Department.

We recommend painting only if the measured surface temperature is at least 5.4°F above the dew point.

Substrate temperature, climatic and environmental conditions during application and curing, as well as applied film thickness, may affect drying time.

Epoxy-based products are well known for their excellent corrosion-resistant properties, although they have limited resistance to sunlight. When the applied coating is exposed to weathering, it may gradually lose its gloss, a phenomenon known as chalking, which can also cause a slight change in color. It is important to note that this chalking does not compromise the coating's corrosion protection.

Paintings performed with varying application methods on the same project may result in differences in gloss and final appearance.

Small variations in color, appearance, and gloss (more noticeable in dark colors), as well as delayed curing and performance compromise, may occur during high humidity, rainy days, cold locations, or

when parts dry outdoors.

Polyurethane systems (components A and B) are sensitive when exposed to ambient relative humidity, which may cause defects in the dry film and reduce pot life. Therefore, we recommend that the packaging of each component, after use, be properly sealed and stored in dry places protected from weather conditions.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Product developed for industrial use intended for handling by qualified professionals. Carefully read all information contained in the SDS of this product, available at: www.weg.net.

Store in a covered and well-ventilated place. Keep the container tightly closed and away from sources of heat or ignition.

Use only in well-ventilated areas, avoiding the accumulation of flammable vapors. Keep the product away from heat and sources of ignition.

Do not inhale mists/vapors/aerosols generated during handling and/or application. Use protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Empty containers and materials with paint residues must be disposed of according to current legislation. Take care of the environment.

NOTE

The information contained in this technical bulletin is based on the experience and knowledge acquired in the field by WEG's technical team.

In the event of using the product without prior consultation with WEG regarding its suitability for the purpose for which the customer intends to use it, the customer acknowledges that the use will be at their own exclusive responsibility, and WEG is not liable for the behavior, safety, suitability, or durability of the product.

Some information mentioned in this bulletin is only an estimate and may vary due to factors beyond the manufacturer's control. Therefore, WEG does not guarantee and assumes no responsibility for performance, efficiency, or any material or personal damages resulting from the incorrect use of the products in question or from the information contained in this Technical Bulletin.

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