

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT



Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Issue date: 3/11/2024 Revision date: 2/20/2026 Version: 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. GHS Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT
Product code : 15791504
Type of product : Paint
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coating providing surfaces with protection, waterproofing, finishing and resistance, etc.

1.4. Supplier's details

WEG TINTAS LTDA - GRUPO WEG

Guaramirim - Santa Catarina / Brasil

Rodovia BR 280 – Km 50, 6.918 – Bloco A. Caixa D'Água – 89270-000 - +55 (47) 3276-4000

Mauá - São Paulo / Brasil

Rua Dr. Ulysses Guimarães, nº 918 – Bloco A. Loteamento Industrial Coral 09372-050 – Fone: +55 (11) 4547-6100

Cabo de Santo Agostinho - Pernambuco / Brasil

Via VII, 314 Distrito Industrial DIPER – 54590-000 - Fone: +55 (81) 3512-3000

Betim - Minas Gerais / Brasil

Avenida Juiz Marco Tulio Isaac, 2994 Betim Industrial – 32671-198, Fone: +55 (31) 3268-0687 / +55 (31) 3268-0686

Macaé - Rio de Janeiro / Brasil

Rua Itacolomi, 528 – Quadra H – Lote 11 Cabiúnas – 27977-340

Atotonilco de Tula - Estado de Hidalgo / México

Av. Hidalgo, lote 40, 41, 42 y 43 - Parque Industrial Bicentenario, CP 42980 - Fone: +52 (55) 5321-4231

Buenos Aires - Provincia de Buenos Aires / Argentina

Av. José Melián, 2983 - Parque Industrial Burzaco, B1852 - Fone: +54 (11) 4299-8000

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number :

24-HOUR EMERGENCY - AMBIPAR		0800 117 2020	
CHEMTREC international number		+1-703-527-3887 e 1-800-424-9300	
Country	City	Local Number	Toll-Free Number
Austria	Vienna	+43-1-3649237	
Austria			0800 293702
China		400 120 4937	
France		+33-975181407	

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Germany			0800-181-7059
India	Bangalore	+91 8071 279 207	
India			000 800 1007 141
Italy	Milan	+39-02 4555 7031	
Italy			800 789 767
Netherlands		+31-85 888 0596	
South Africa			080-001-4676
United Kingdom	London	+44 20 3807 3798	
South korea			080-880-0454
Japan			0800-300-5842

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to GHS BR (ABNT NBR 14725: 2023)

Flammable liquids, Category 3
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 5
Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 5
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B
Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2
Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard, Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 2

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS BR labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS BR)



Signal word (GHS BR)

: Danger

Hazard statements (GHS BR)

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
H303+H313 - May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H340 - May cause genetic defects.
H350 - May cause cancer.
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statements (GHS BR)
: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
No smoking.

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 - Use explosion-proof equipment.
P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection and hearing protection.
P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.
P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or a doctor if you feel unwell.
P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water .
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or a doctor if you feel unwell.
P314 - Get medical advice or attention as appropriate.
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
P391 - Collect spillage.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	GHS Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)	Classification according to GHS BR (ABNT NBR 14725: 2023)
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50%	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	20 – 40	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 5 (Oral), H303 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Name	GHS Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)	Classification according to GHS BR (ABNT NBR 14725: 2023)
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Steam-cracked petroleum distillates	CAS-No.: 68477-39-4	5 – 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 1A, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent	CAS-No.: 64741-84-0	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON	CAS-No.: 64742-47-8	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
FORMALDEHYDE DO UREA RPW, BUTYLATED	CAS-No.: 68002-19-7	1 – 5	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
SOLVENT BUTANOL	CAS-No.: 71-36-3	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS-No.: 22464-99-9	0.5 – 1	Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
ZINC OCTOATE	CAS-No.: 136-53-8	0.25 – 0.5	Acute Tox. 5 (Oral), H303 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N)	CAS-No.: 872-50-4	0.25 – 0.5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 5 (Oral), H303 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Name	GHS Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)	Classification according to GHS BR (ABNT NBR 14725: 2023)
			Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 3, H335
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS-No.: 136-52-7	0.1 – 0.25	Acute Tox. 5 (Oral), H303 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F).]	CAS-No.: 64742-82-1	0.1 – 0.25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water. Be careful, the product may remain trapped under clothing, footwear or a wrist-watch.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. Do not induce vomiting/risk of damage to lungs exceeds poisoning risk.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause headache, nausea and irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation may cause irritation (cough, short breathing, difficulty in breathing).
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. irritation (itching, redness, blistering).
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: stinging. Redness. Causes serious eye irritation. redness, itching, tears.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause irritation to the digestive tract. May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Risk of lung oedema.
Chronic symptoms	: May cause cancer. May cause heritable genetic damage. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically
--------------------	-------------------------

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO₂, or water spray or regular foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapour. The vapours are denser than air and may travel along the ground. Distance ignition possible. Agitation can cause build up of electrostatic charge. Vapours may cause fire/explosion if source of ignition is present. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
- Explosion hazard : Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Prolonged exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

- Precautionary measures fire : Keep container closed when not in use. This product is not to be used under conditions of poor ventilation.
- Firefighting instructions : Get the package away from the fire if this can be done without risk. Fight fire from a safe distance or use hoses with support or cannon engine. Cool laterally with water containers exposed to flames, even after the fire is extinguished. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing.
- Other information : On exposure to high temperature, may decompose, releasing toxic gases. In case of fire, corrosive and harmful gases come free.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. May be harmful to aquatic organisms, to flora, to soil organisms. Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
- Emergency procedures : No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Do not touch or walk on the spilled product. Evacuate area. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Notify fire brigade and environmental authorities.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing. Gloves. Wear security glasses which protect from splashes. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Total impervious protective suits, gloves, and boots must be worn to prevent any contact with the product. Corrosionproof suit. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Keep away from combustible material. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Do not allow product to spread into the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Prevent dispersion by moistening spill with water or foam. Stop leak without risks if possible.

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Methods for cleaning up

- Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
- : Absorb remaining liquid with sand or inert absorbent and remove to safe place. Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Clear up rapidly by scoop or vacuum. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

Precautions for safe handling

- : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.
- : Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust and/or vapour concentrations. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Handle carefully. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep only in original container. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Hygiene measures

- : Always wash hands after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothes. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Incompatible materials

Packaging materials

- : Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.
- : combustible materials.
- : Always store product in container of same material as original container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) 872-50-4

USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices

Local name	N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
BEI	100 mg/l Parameter: 5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

- : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

8.3. Individual protection measures

Personal protective equipment:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Hand protection:

Protective gloves made of PVC

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Eye protection:

Wear closed safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Safety shoes

Respiratory protection:

Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless
Odour	: characteristic
Odour threshold	: Not available
pH	: Not applicable
Melting point	: Not available
Freezing point	: Not available
Boiling point	: Not available
Flash point	: 31 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Not available
Flammability	: Not available
Explosive limits	: Not available
Vapour pressure	: Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: Not available
Relative density	: Not available
Density	: 0.93 – 0.991 g/cm³
Solubility	: Material insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available
Decomposition temperature	: Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not available
Viscosity, dynamic	: 85 – 95 ku/kg
Particle size	: Not applicable
Particle size distribution	: Not applicable
Particle shape	: Not applicable
Particle aspect ratio	: Not applicable
Particle specific surface area	: Not applicable

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N)872-50-4

Boiling point	204.3 °C at 1015.8 hPa Source: ECHA
Flash point	91 °C Source: ECHA

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N)872-50-4

Auto-ignition temperature	245 °C Source: ECHA
Vapour pressure	0.32 hPa at 20°C Source: ECHA

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F)].64742-82-1

Boiling point	-20 – 260 °C Atm. press.: 101,325 kPa
Flash point	< -40 °C Atm. press.: 101,325 other:
Vapour pressure	≤ 240 kPa Temp.: 37,8 °C

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50%1330-20-7

Boiling point	138 °C Source: ICSC
Flash point	30 °C (ASTM D 93)
Auto-ignition temperature	≥ 528 °C Source: SRC
Vapour pressure	8.84 mm Hg at 25°C Source: SRC

SOLVENT BUTANOL71-36-3

Boiling point	117 °C Source: HSDB
Flash point	29.9 °C Source: ICSC
Auto-ignition temperature	345 °C Source: ICSC
Vapour pressure	9.31 hPa at 20°C Source: ECHA

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)136-52-7

Boiling point	90 °C 1 atm Source: ECHA
Flash point	23 – 55 °C Atm. press.: 1 atm
Vapour pressure	< 110 kPa Temp.: 20 °C

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON64742-47-8

Boiling point	146 – 299 °C Atm. press.: 101,325 kPa
Flash point	29 – 70 °C Atm. press.: 101,325 kPa
Auto-ignition temperature	236 °C Source: ICSC
Vapour pressure	1 – 3.7 kPa Temp.: 37,8 °C

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt22464-99-9

Flash point	40 °C Source: ECHA
-------------	--------------------

ZINC OCTOATE136-53-8

Boiling point	200 °C Source: ECHA
Vapour pressure	0.000000127 mm Hg Source: EPISUITE

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Steam-cracked petroleum distillates 68477-39-4

Boiling point	145 – 300 °C at 1013 hPa Source: IUCLID
Vapour pressure	2133 Pa Temp.: 20 °C

Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent 64741-84-0

Boiling point	35 – 165 °C Source: IUCLID
Flash point	< 21 °C Source: IUCLID
Auto-ignition temperature	≥ 280 – ≤ 465

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

9.3. Further safety characteristics

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid contact with hot surfaces. High temperature. Avoid formation of vapours.
Hazardous decomposition products	: May liberate toxic gases. On exposure to high temperature, may decompose, releasing corrosive gases.
Incompatible materials	: Materiais plásticos solúveis em Xileno. Não armazenar com materiais explosivos, gases inflamáveis e/ou tóxicos, substâncias oxidantes, corrosivas e materiais que possam. Combustible materials.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Liquids/vapours may ignite or react with other materials.
Reactivity	: The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Handling temperature	: No additional information available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: May be harmful in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Inhalation:dust,mist: Harmful if inhaled.

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

ATE BR (oral)	3507.31 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE BR (dermal)	2766.007 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE BR (dust,mist)	4.589 mg/l/4h

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)

LD50 oral rat	4150 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.1 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.1 mg/l Source: ECHA

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F).] (64742-82-1)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
---------------	--

LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
--------------------	-----------------------------

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50% (1330-20-7)

LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg Source: ECHA
---------------	-------------------------

LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
--------------------	---

LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	5922 ppm
-----------------------------	----------

SOLVENT BUTANOL (71-36-3)

LD50 dermal rabbit	3430 mg/kg Source: ECHA
--------------------	-------------------------

LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	8000 ppm Source: ECHA
-----------------------------	-----------------------

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (136-52-7)

LD50 oral rat	3129 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure), 95% CL: 1750 - 5000
---------------	--

LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
-----------------	--

LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
-----------------------	--------------

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON (64742-47-8)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
---------------	---

LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
--------------------	--

LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.28 mg/l/4h Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), 95% CL: 0,42 -
-----------------------	---

LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.2 mg/l Source: IUCLID
-----------------------------------	---------------------------

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt (22464-99-9)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), Guideline: EU Method B.1 tris (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)
---------------	---

LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
-----------------	--

ZINC OCTOATE (136-53-8)

LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg Source: ECHA
---------------	---------------------------

LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg Source: ECHA
-----------------	---------------------------

LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.7 mg/l Source: ECHA
-----------------------------------	-------------------------

Steam-cracked petroleum distillates (68477-39-4)

LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
---------------	-----------------------------

LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
-----------------	-----------------------------

LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal
--------------------	---

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Steam-cracked petroleum distillates (68477-39-4)

	Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1150 (Acute inhalation toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	7.5 mg/l Source: IUCLID

Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent (64741-84-0)

LD50 oral rat	> 7000 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≥ 43767 mg/m ³
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 5.04 mg/l Source: IUCLID

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
pH: Not applicable

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)

pH	7.7 – 8 Source: HSDB
----	----------------------

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50% (1330-20-7)

pH	7
----	---

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
pH: Not applicable

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)

pH	7.7 – 8 Source: HSDB
----	----------------------

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50% (1330-20-7)

pH	7
----	---

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not available
Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)

NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/male, 2 years)	≈ 89 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies), Guideline: EU Method B.32 (Carcinogenicity Test), Guideline: EPA OTS 798.3300 (Carcinogenicity)
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/female, 2 years)	≈ 221 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies), Guideline: EU Method B.32 (Carcinogenicity Test), Guideline: EPA OTS 798.3300 (Carcinogenicity)

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50% (1330-20-7)

IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
------------	----------------------

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)

LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	500 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 500 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	350 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON (64742-47-8)

NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 3000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 415
---------------------------	--

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON (64742-47-8)	
	[One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study (before 9 October 2017)]
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT-single exposure	: May cause respiratory irritation.
N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50% (1330-20-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
SOLVENT BUTANOL (71-36-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Steam-cracked petroleum distillates (68477-39-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent (64741-84-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)	
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1653 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	826 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F).] (64742-82-1)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50% (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (136-52-7)	
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	0.31 mg/l air Animal: rat
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	3 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON (64742-47-8)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≥ 495 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt (22464-99-9)	
NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/male, 90 days)	180 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: other:

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt (22464-99-9)

NOAEL (subchronic, oral, animal/female, 90 days) 205 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:

Steam-cracked petroleum distillates (68477-39-4)

NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days) 2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

Viscosity, kinematic 2.59 – 3.085 mm²/s

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N) (872-50-4)

Viscosity, kinematic 1.613 mm²/s

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F).] (64742-82-1)

Viscosity, kinematic < 1 mm²/s Temp.: 'other:' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50% (1330-20-7)

Viscosity, kinematic ≈ 0.76 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

SOLVENT BUTANOL (71-36-3)

Viscosity, kinematic 3.684 mm²/s

Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent (64741-84-0)

Viscosity, kinematic ≥ 0.35 – ≤ 0.45 mm²/s

11.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause headache, nausea and irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation may cause irritation (cough, short breathing, difficulty in breathing).
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. irritation (itching, redness, blistering).
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: stinging. Redness. Causes serious eye irritation. redness, itching, tears.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause irritation to the digestive tract. May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Risk of lung oedema.
Chronic symptoms	: May cause cancer. May cause heritable genetic damage. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Toxic to aquatic life.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N)872-50-4

LC50 - Fish [1] 500 mg/l Source: ECHA

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N)872-50-4

EC50 72h - Algae [1]	600.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	672.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
LOEC (chronic)	25 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	12.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F)].64742-82-1

LC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	4.3 mg/l Source: IUCLID
------------------------------------	-------------------------

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50%1330-20-7

LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
ErC50 algae	2.2 mg/l
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'

SOLVENT BUTANOL71-36-3

LC50 - Fish [1]	1376 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1983 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	225 mg/l Source: ECHA

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)136-52-7

LC50 - Fish [1]	1.512 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5.89 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.654 mg/l Source: ECHA registration data

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON64742-47-8

LC50 - Fish [1]	2.4 mg/l Source: ECOTOX
-----------------	-------------------------

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt22464-99-9

LC50 - Fish [1]	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.17 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	49.3 mg/l Source: ECHA
LOEC (chronic)	63 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	25 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

ZINC OCTOATE136-53-8

LC50 - Fish [1]	100 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.131 – 1.06 mg/l Source: ECHA

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Steam-cracked petroleum distillates68477-39-4

LC50 - Fish [1]	13.5 mg/l Source: IUCLID
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent64741-84-0

LC50 - Fish [1]	4.4 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	9.74 mg/l Source: IUCLID
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	6.5 mg/l Source: IUCLID

12.2. Persistence and degradability

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N)872-50-4

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F).]64742-82-1

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50%1330-20-7

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

FORMALDEHYDE DO UREA RPW, BUTYLATED68002-19-7

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

SOLVENT BUTANOL71-36-3

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)136-52-7

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON64742-47-8

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt22464-99-9

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

ZINC OCTOATE136-53-8

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

Steam-cracked petroleum distillates68477-39-4

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent64741-84-0

Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable
-------------------------------	------------------------

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE SOLVENT (N)872-50-4

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.46 Source: ECHA
---	--------------------

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446 °F).]64742-82-1

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.1 – 6 Source: IUCLID
---	------------------------

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE (100-41-4)50% AND XYLENE (1330-20-7)50%1330-20-7

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.15 Source: HSDB
---	-------------------

SOLVENT BUTANOL71-36-3

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1 Source: ECHA
---	----------------

Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)136-52-7

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.96 Source: ECHA
---	-------------------

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON64742-47-8

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.3 – 6 Source: IUCLID
---	------------------------

ZINC OCTOATE136-53-8

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	5.7 Source: ECHA
---	------------------

Naphtha (petroleum), refined light solvent64741-84-0

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.1 – 6 Source: IUCLID
---	------------------------

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Hazardous to the ozone layer : Not available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods	: Must follow special treatment according to local regulation.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Additional information	: Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 National and international Regulations

In accordance with IMDG / IATA / ANTT

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

ANTT	IMDG	IATA
UN number		
1263	1263	1263
UN Proper Shipping Name		
TINTA	PAINT	Paint
Transport document description		
Not applicable	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, III, MARINE POLLUTANT/ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS (31°C c.c.)	UN 1263 Paint, 3, III
Transport hazard class(es)		
3	3	3
Danger labels		
3	3	3
	 	
Subsidiary risk		
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Risk Number		
30	Not applicable	Not applicable
Packing group		
III	III	III
Special provisions		
163,223,367	163,223,367,955	A3,A72,A192
Dangerous for the environment		
Yes	Yes	Yes

14.2 Other informations

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

Brazil Local Regulations

: Standard ABNT NBR 14725.

Federal Decree no. 10.088, of 5 November 2019 – Promulgates Convention no. 170 of the WLO, relating to Safety in the Use of Chemicals in the Workplace, ratified by the Federative Republic of Brazil.

Ministerial Order no. 2.770, of 5 September 2022 – Approves the new wording of Regulatory Standard No. 26

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |

Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net

CLEAR POLYURETHANE ERA 531 EXP 00000 A COMPONENT

15791504

Safety Data Sheet

According to ABNT NBR 14725: 2023

Revision date: 2/20/2026

Federal Decree no. 96.044, of 18 May 1988 - Approves Regulations for Road Transportation of Hazardous Materials
Resolution no. 5998, of 03 November 2022, updates the regulation for road transport of dangerous goods, approves its Complementary Instructions, and other measures.
Law No. 12.305, of August 2, 2010 (National Policy on Solid Waste)

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

: CAS-No. - Chemical Abstracts Service number
ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
BCF - Bioconcentration factor
EC50 - Median effective concentration
LC50 - Median lethal concentration
VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds
LD50 - Median lethal dose
DMEL - Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL - Derived-No Effect Level
COD - Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IATA - International Air Transport Association
EC-No. - European Community number
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
WGK - Water Hazard Class
IOELV - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value
BLV - Biological limit value
TRGS - Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances
TLM - Median Tolerance Limit
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Important information, but not specifically described in the previous sections: This MSDS was prepared based on current knowledge about the handling of the product under normal conditions of use, according to the application specified on the packaging and recommended usage in Section 1 of this MSDS. Any other use of the product involving its combination with other materials, as well as forms of use different from those indicated, are the user's responsibility. The company advises that the handling of any chemical substance requires prior knowledge of its hazards by the user. In the workplace it is responsibility of the company user of the product to provide training of its employees and contractors about the possible risks arising from exposure to the chemical. We reserve the right to change the information contained in this document without prior notice, due to the improvement and continuous evolution of the product and technical knowledge.

WEG TINTAS LTDA – GRUPO WEG.

Guaramirim-SC | Mauá-SP | Cabo de Santo Agostinho-PE | Betim-MG | Macaé-RJ |
Buenos Aires – Argentina | Atotonilco de Tula - México

E-mail: tintas@weg.net - www.weg.net