



WEG TAR FREE WT



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

High-build two-component epoxy primer/finish. Offers excellent chemical resistance, corrosion resistance, and good abrasion resistance.

RECOMMENDED USE

Indicated for highly aggressive environments, providing excellent anticorrosive protection on steel and concrete (see surface preparation). Used on interior and exterior of pipes and water storage tanks, and can be applied in high thicknesses in a single coat.

Pipelines: can be applied to the interior and exterior of pipelines (aerial and buried).

CERTIFICATIONS AND APPROVALS

Complies with AWWA C210-15 standard - Liquid Epoxy Coatings and Linings for Steel Water Pipe and Fittings.

Complies with Sabesp Standard NTS 036.

Certified in category C5H of ISO 12944:2018 when applied at 9.45 mil with polyurethane finish at 2.36 mil.

When supplied to comply with the ROHS Directive (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances), this product includes the letter R in its nomenclature description.

This product complies with Ministry of Health Ordinance GM/MS No. 888, dated May 4, 2021.

Complies with Ministry of Health Ordinance No. 2914 regarding drinking water.

PACKAGING

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| Component A | 0.95 US gal Package containing 0.81 US gal 5.28 US gal Package containing 4.48 US gal |
| Component B | 0.24 US gal Package containing 0.15 US gal 0.95 US gal Package containing 0.81 US gal |

CHARACTERISTICS

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| Color | According to customer standard. RAL and Munsell chart. |
| Gloss | Matte |
| VOC content | 2.5 (lb/gal). Note: The average of VOC on the line can vary depending on the color. |
| Volume Solids | 84 ± 2% (ISO 3233) |
| Shelf Life | 24 months |
| Dry Film Thickness | 7.9 mils - 39.4 mils |
| Dry Heat Resistance | Maximum temperature 248 °F. The product maintains its chemical properties up to a temperature of 248 °F, but from 140°F, color and gloss variations in the paint may occur. |
| Theoretical Coverage | 57.1 ft ² /gal without dilution at a dry film thickness of 23.6 mils. Loss factors during application are not considered. |

DRYING

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|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Drying | | | |
| | 50 °F | 77 °F | 95 °F |
| Touch Manipulation | 7 hours | 3 hours | 2 hours |
| Final | 15 hours | 8 hours | 6 hours |
| | 336 hours | 240 hours | 168 hours |



Recoat Drying

| | 50 °F | 77 °F | 95 °F |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Minimum | 36 hours | 16 hours | 16 hours |
| Maximum | 5 days | 2 days | 2 days |

SURFACE PREPARATION

Standard Surface Preparation

The performance of this product is related to the degree of surface preparation. In case of doubts, for more information, consult WEG's Technical Department.

The surface must be clean, dry, and free of contaminants. Completely remove oils, greases, and fats according to SSPC-SP1.

Remove accumulated dirt using a dry brush, clean dry cloth, compressed air blow, vacuum, or a combination of these. Remove soluble salts by washing with plenty of fresh water, preferably under low pressure (up to 5,000 psi), according to SSPC-SP12/NACE No. 5 standard.

Recommended Surface Profile

It is recommended a roughness profile between 2.36 and 3.35 mils.

Abrasive Blasting

Perform abrasive blasting to near-white metal, Sa 2½ grade, according to ISO 8501-1 visual standard (A Sa 2½, B Sa 2½, C Sa 2½, D Sa 2½), or according to SSPC-SP10/NACE No. 2, visual standard SSPC-VIS 1 (A SP10, B SP10, C SP10, D SP10, G1 SP10, G2 SP10, G3 SP10).

Inspect the freshly blasted surface, observing defects that may appear after treatment. Correct them by grinding, filling with welds and/or epoxy putty.

For areas near marine environments, wash with fresh water at low pressure (minimum 3,000 psi) before abrasive blasting. In some cases, repeat washing after blasting to remove soluble contaminants and perform a new abrasive blasting.

If oxidation occurs between the end of abrasive blasting and coating application, the surface must be blasted again until the specified visual standard is achieved.

The maximum level of soluble impurities on the blasted surface, as per the test described in ISO 8502-6 and using distilled water, must not exceed a conductivity measured according to ISO 8502-9 corresponding to a maximum of 20 mg/cm² (2 ¼g/cm²) in immersed, buried, or submerged areas.

Hand and Power Tool Cleaning

Perform manual mechanical cleaning for carbon steel surfaces with oxidation grades C or D, according to SSPC-VIS 3 visual standards. For previously painted surfaces with grades E, F, or G, follow SSPC-VIS 3.

If manual mechanical cleaning is not possible, alternatively perform commercial abrasive blasting, Sa 2 grade according to ISO 8501-1 visual standard (C Sa 2 and D Sa 2) or SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, visual standard SSPC-VIS 1 (C SP 6, D SP 6).

The manual mechanical cleaning process is recommended only for small areas.

Mechanically treat the surface until achieving at least St 3 grade according to ISO 8501-1 visual standard or SSPC-SP 11, using SSPC-VIS 3 visual standard as guidance.

Carbon Steel Surfaces

Hard surface layers (e.g., layers resulting from flame cutting) must be removed by grinding before starting abrasive blasting.

All welds must be inspected and, if necessary, repaired before completing abrasive blasting. Porosities, cavities, weld splatter, etc., must be repaired with proper mechanical treatment or welding repair. In other areas, round edges and sharp corners (r e 0.0787 in, ISO 8501-3).

Concrete Surfaces

No coating or paint should be applied until the concrete (or cement-sand screed) is fully dry and cured for at least 28 days under normal climatic conditions.

No coating or paint should be applied on concrete or cement-sand screed with curing accelerator unless representative tests indicate satisfactory adhesion of the paint system.

For more information, consult the Concrete Surface Preparation and Application Manual.



This product must be applied over a recommended sealer or primer for concrete surfaces to compose an appropriate painting system. For correct application of the sealer/primer, consult its technical bulletin.

Coatings should not be applied over floors contaminated with oils or aggressive products. The floor must be effectively cleaned. Applying over residues of these contaminants may cause coating detachment and other failures.

Respect the recoat interval between sealer or primer coats for applying the product. If the recoat time is exceeded, sand as described in the sealer or primer technical bulletin.

Coating on old concrete only upon recommendation from WEG Technical Department.

Product application must follow guidance from our technical department to achieve the expected performance. Factors such as surface condition, roughness, contaminant level, and other specifics are essential for proper surface preparation.

The performance of this product is associated with surface preparation. The surface must be clean, solid, free of any contaminants, fully dry, and have sufficient roughness to allow adhesion of the applied protection system.

Over Primer

Respect the product recoat interval. If exceeded, perform light manual/mechanical sanding to break gloss and clean dust/residues for better adhesion between coats.

APPLICATION PREPARATION

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| Mixing | Homogenize the content of each component using mechanical or pneumatic stirring (A and B). Ensure no sediment remains at the bottom of the container. Add component B to component A in the indicated mixing ratio under stirring until completely homogenized, respecting the mixing ratio. |
| Mixing Ratio | By volume: 5.5 A x 1 B. |
| Thinner | EPOXY DILUENT 3005 |
| Dilution | Depending on the application method, dilute to a maximum of 5%. |
| Notes | The amount of Diluent may vary depending on the type of equipment used and environmental conditions during application. Only add Diluent after complete mixing of the other components. Do not dilute with solvents not allowed by local legislation, and do not exceed the indicated dilution percentage. Excessive dilution may affect film formation, appearance, and make it difficult to achieve the specified thickness. |
| Pot Life | 1 h 30 min The shelf life of the mixture is reduced as the ambient temperature increases. The pot-life test of the mixture is carried out according to ABNT NBR 15742; however, different volumes of paint prepared at once, combined with varying ambient and paint temperatures, will affect the mixture's shelf life, potentially resulting in outcomes different from those stated in this technical bulletin. |
| Induction Time | No induction time required. In very hot locations, we recommend consulting WEG's Technical Department. |

APPLICATION METHODS

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| Conventional Spray Gun | Spray gun: JGA 502/3 Devilbiss or equivalent Fluid nozzle: EX Air cap: 704 Atomization pressure: 50 - 70 psi Tank pressure: 10 - 20 psi. |
| Airless Spray Gun | Airless: Use minimum pump 60:1 |



Fluid pressure: 3500 - 4500 psi
 Hose: 1/4" inner diameter
 Nozzle: 0.019" - 0.023".

Roller Use a short-haired, seamless wool or synthetic roller for epoxy paints.
 Recommended only for small areas or touch-ups. Use a low-pile seamless wool roller or synthetic roller for epoxy paints.
 For application with brush and/or roller, it may be necessary to apply two or more coats to achieve a uniform layer and the recommended film thickness.

Brush Recommended only for small area touch-ups or "stripe coat" (screws, nuts, weld beads, sharp corners, and touch-ups).

Cleaning of the equipments: EPOXY DILUENT 3005

Notes The data presented serves as a guide and similar equipment may be used.
 Changes in pressures and nozzle sizes may be necessary to improve spraying characteristics. Purge the compressed air line to avoid paint contamination.
 Do not allow catalyzed product to remain in contact with application equipment, as at temperatures above the indicated "pot life", the paint will show variation in flow and will harden, making cleaning difficult.
 Before application, ensure that the equipment and respective components are clean and in optimal condition.
 After mixing two-component products, if there are application stops and the pot life has been exceeded (paint shows variation in flow), it can no longer be re-thinned for later application.
 In spray application, overlap each gun pass by 50%, finishing with a cross pass. This technique avoids uncovered or unprotected areas and ensures proper aesthetic finish.
 Reinforce all sharp corners, gaps, and weld beads with a brush to avoid premature failures in these areas.
 Clean all equipment immediately after use.
 It is considered good practice to periodically wash the spraying equipment during the day. The cleaning frequency depends on the amount sprayed, temperature, and elapsed time, including all delays.

APPLICATION PERFORMANCE

This material may show color variations between batches due to component B (catalyst), a characteristic that does not compromise product performance, as it is a primer.

Depending on the method and application conditions, dry thicknesses up to 40 mils may be achieved.

For coatings applied in coastal areas exposed to sea spray, it is recommended to wash with fresh water between coats to remove deposited impurities.

Do not apply the product after the pot life has been exceeded.

For optimal application properties, the paint temperature must be between 69.8°F - 80.6°F before mixing and application.

Before application, observe weather conditions: there must be no threat of rain or drizzle. Surface temperature must be at least 37.4°F above the dew point, and relative humidity should not exceed 85%. Adverse conditions may cause color variations and other characteristics. Consult WEG Technical Department.

We recommend painting only if the measured surface temperature is at least 5.4°F above the dew point.

Substrate temperature, climatic and environmental conditions during application and curing, as well as applied film thickness, may affect drying time.

It is suggested to maintain forced air circulation in tanks/reservoirs to avoid solvent saturation during curing.



Products for contact with potable water or food: wash with fresh water and neutral soap before operation.

Paintings performed with varying application methods on the same project may result in differences in gloss and final appearance.

Product will change color when exposed outdoors and to temperatures above 248°F, without affecting anticorrosive performance.

Small variations in color, appearance, and gloss (more noticeable in dark colors), as well as delayed curing and performance compromise, may occur during high humidity, rainy days, cold locations, or when parts dry outdoors.

Epoxy-based products are known for their excellent anticorrosive properties and low resistance to sun exposure. When the applied film is exposed to weathering, over time it will lose gloss, a phenomenon known as chalking, which consequently alters its color. It is important to note that, despite this chalking, the film's anticorrosive protection is not compromised.

SYSTEM COMPATIBILITY AND MAINTENANCE REPAINTING

The primer repainting interval must be respected for the application of the topcoat. If the maximum interval indicated is exceeded, manual/mechanical sanding with sandpaper to remove gloss is necessary. The primer surface must be dry and free of contaminants.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Product developed for industrial use intended for handling by qualified professionals. Carefully read all information contained in the SDS of this product, available at: www.weg.net.
 Store in a covered and well-ventilated place. Keep the container tightly closed and away from sources of heat or ignition.
 Use only in well-ventilated areas, avoiding the accumulation of flammable vapors. Keep the product away from heat and sources of ignition.
 Do not inhale mists/vapors/aerosols generated during handling and/or application. Use protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Empty containers and materials with paint residues must be disposed of according to current legislation. Take care of the environment.

NOTE

The information contained in this technical bulletin is based on the experience and knowledge acquired in the field by WEG's technical team.
 In the event of using the product without prior consultation with WEG regarding its suitability for the purpose for which the customer intends to use it, the customer acknowledges that the use will be at their own exclusive responsibility, and WEG is not liable for the behavior, safety, suitability, or durability of the product.
 Some information mentioned in this bulletin is only an estimate and may vary due to factors beyond the manufacturer's control. Therefore, WEG does not guarantee and assumes no responsibility for performance, efficiency, or any material or personal damages resulting from the incorrect use of the products in question or from the information contained in this Technical Bulletin.
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